

Simplified Rules of Badminton

The Laws of Badminton and Competition Regulations (<u>linked here</u>) in the BWF Statutes provide the detail on every aspect of the game of badminton.

Below is a brief overview - simplified rules.

Scoring System

- o A match consists of the best of 3 games of 21 points.
- Every time there is a serve there is a point scored.
- o The side winning a rally adds a point to its score.
- o At 20 all, the side which gains a 2 point lead first, wins that game.
- o At 29 all, the side scoring the 30th point, wins that game.
- The side winning a game serves first in the next game.

Interval and Change of Ends

- When the leading score reaches 11 points, players have a 60 second interval.
- o A 2 minute interval between each game is allowed.
- o In the third game, players change ends when the leading score reaches 11 points.

Singles

- At the beginning of the game (0-0) and when the server's score is even, the server serves from the right service court. When the server's score is odd, the server serves from the left service court.
- o If the server wins a rally, the server scores a point and then serves again from the alternate service court.
- o If the receiver wins a rally, the receiver scores a point and becomes the new server. They serve from the appropriate service court left if their score is odd, and right if it is even.

Doubles

- A side has only one 'service'.
- o The service passes consecutively to the players as shown in the diagram.
- At the beginning of the game and when the score is even, the server serves from the right service court. When it is odd, the server serves from the left court.
- If the serving side wins a rally, the serving side scores a point and the same server serves again from the alternate service court.
- If the receiving side wins a rally, the receiving side scores a point. The receiving side becomes the new serving side.
- The players do not change their respective service courts until they win a point when their side is serving.

If players commit an error in the service court, the error is corrected when the mistake is discovered.



In a doubles match between A & B against C & D. A & B won the toss and decided to serve. A to serve to C. A shall be the initial server while C shall be the initial receiver.

Scenario	Score	Service From	n	Server	Winner				
			Love All	Right Service because the s serving side i	score of the	A serves to C. A and C are the initial server and receiver.	A & B	C B	D
A & B win a point. A courts. A serves aga	ain from Left	service court.	1-0	Left Service (because the serving side i	score of the	A serves	C & D	C	D *B
C & D win a point a Nobody will change courts.			1-1	Left Service (because the serving side i	score of the	D serves to A.	A & B	C A	D B
A & B win a point ar Nobody will change courts.	_		2-1	Right Service because the serving side i	score of the	B serves to C.	C & D	C A	D B
C & D win a point a Nobody will change courts.	_		2-2	Right Service because the serving side i	score of the	C serves to B.	C & D	C A	D B
C & D win a point. C courts. C serves fro will stay in the same	m Left servio	ce court. A & B	3-2	Left Service (because the serving side i	score of the	C serves to A.	A & B	D A	C B
A & B win a point an Nobody will change courts.			3-3	Left Service (because the serving side i	score of the	A serves to C.	A & B	D A	C B
A & B win a point. A courts. A serves aga C & D will stay in th	ain from Righ	nt service court	4-3	Right Service because the serving side i	score of the	A serves to D.	C & D	D B	C

Note that this means:

- o As in singles, the order of server depends on whether the score is odd or even.
- The service court is changed by the servicing side only when a point is scored. In all other
 cases, the players continue to stay in their respective service court from where they played
 the previous rally. This guarantees an alternate server.